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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/550,963	04/17/2000	Mark McCulloch	41400-00002	1825
23932	7590 05/08/2003			
JENKENS & GILCHRIST, PC			EXAMINER	
1445 ROSS AVENUE SUITE 3200 DALLAS, TX 75202		DIXON, THOMAS A		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3629	
			DATE MAILED: 05/08/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Applicati n N .	Applicant(s)					
	09/550,963	MCCULLOCH, MARK					
Offic Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit					
	Thomas A. Dixon	3629					
The MAILING DATE f this communication appeared for Reply	ppears on the c ver sheet with	the correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above, is less than thirty (30) days, a replif NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statudent of the provided by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	.136(a). In no event, however, may a rep ply within the statutory minimum of thirty ( d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH te, cause the application to become ABAI	ly be timely filed  30) days will be considered timely.  IS from the mailing date of this communication.  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04	March 2003 .						
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ T	his action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-37</u> is/are pending in the application							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.						
· <u> </u>	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-37</u> is/are rejected.						
' <u> </u>	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ Application Papers	or election requirement.						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examination	er						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		- Fyaminer					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documen	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International Both See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li> </ul>	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	_					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
<ul> <li>a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pr</li> <li>15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes</li> </ul>							
Attachment(s)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<del>-</del> ···					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Info	mmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)  ormal Patent Application (PTO-152) .					
S Patent and Trademark Office							

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Response to Amendments / Arguments

1. The 101 and 112 rejections are withdrawn.

2. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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grab Fano (6,317,718) for mobile shopping with preferences. fig 18, 27 and column 47, lines 41-46.

introduce Factor et al (4,896,154) that teaches closest facility and preferences related to the facility.

3. Claims 1-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Garback (5,237,499) in view of DeLorme et al (5,948,040) further in view of DeMarcken (6,275,808) further in view of Cochran et al (4,879,648).

As per Claim 1.

Garback ('499) discloses:

receiving an activity indicator and a venue file containing data related to the activity, see figure 3 (73 and 77) and column 5, line 63 - column 6, line 30;

identifying at least a first airport, the first airport being within a first threshold measurement of the activity location, see figure 5 (LAX, DTW) and column 6, lines 17-40:

identifying at least a first departing flight associated with the first airport, the identified flight associated with a flight arrival time and a first departing flight being at least between the origin location and the first airport, figure 5 (LAX, DTW) and column 6, lines 17-40

wherein the flight arrival time of the at least first identified departing flight is prior to the activity start time, see figure 5 (Arriving) and column 6, lines 17-40.

Garback ('499) does not specifically disclose the venue file including an activity location and an activity time.

DeLorme et al ('040) teaches an itinerary planning tool which allows for the entry of activity locations and times, see figure 1C (167) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to include location and time as taught by DeLorme et al ('040) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Garback ('499) in view of DeLorme et al ('040) do not specifically disclose the first identified operating flight.

De Marken ('808) teaches a list of available flights, including the first operating flight, see figures 22-27 for the benefit of giving the customer a choice of available flights.

Garback ('499) in view of DeLorme et al ('040) do not disclose the threshold measurement comprises at least one of walking distance, a set distance or a time threshold.

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Cochran et al ('648) teaches a threshold measurement of a set distance, see figure 4 (hotel or criteria w/in 10 or 60 miles) for the benefit of providing the user a choice of convenience and distance options which could affect the price of the services.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the flights available, including the first flight as taught by DeMarcken ('808) and a distance threshold as taught by Cochran et al ('648) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing the user a choice of time, convenience and distance options which could affect the price of services.

As per Claim 2, 13.

Garback ('499) further discloses shopping for flights, but does not specifically disclose the step of identifying the first airport includes the step of identifying a plurality of airports and

the step of identifying the first departing flight includes the step of identifying a plurality of flights associated with each of the plurality of airports.

deMarcken et al ('808) teaches a display of multiple airports and a plurality of flights associated with the airports, see figure 21 and 27 and column 59, lines 40-65 for the benefit of allowing a choice of pricing solutions in a travel planning system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to display multiple airports and their associated flights as taught by deMarcken et al ('808) for the benefit of allowing a choice of pricing solutions in a travel planning system.

As per Claim 3, 14.

Garback ('499) further discloses shopping for flights, but does not specifically disclose the flights are associated with a characteristic data item.

the step of comparing the characteristic data item for each of the identified plurality of flights with a flight preference and

the step of ranking each of the flights according the flight preference.

deMarcken et al ('808) teaches a display of multiple airports and a plurality of flights associated with the airports ranked by price, see figure 21 and 27 and column 4, lines 25-55 for the benefit of allowing a choice of pricing solutions in a travel planning system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to display multiple airports and their associated flights as taught by deMarcken et al ('808) for the benefit of allowing a choice of pricing solutions in a travel planning system.

As per Claim 4, 15.

Garback ('499) discloses checking for flights against a flight price maximum, see column 5, lines 41-56.

As per Claim 5, 16.

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Garback ('499) does not specifically disclose calculating travel time between the airport and the activity location;

determining the activity location arrival time, the arrival time indicating the summation of the flight arrival time and the calculated travel time;

wherein the determined activity location arrival time is prior to or equivalent to the activity start time.

DeLorme et al ('040) teaches an itinerary planning tool which allows for the entry of activity locations and times, travel time calculation, and arrival time display, see figure 1B-2 for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to calculate and display travel and arrival times as taught by DeLorme et al ('040) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

As per Claim 6, 17, 33.

Garback ('499) does not specifically disclose calculating travel time between the airport and the activity location;

determining an earliest flight arrival time, the arrival time representing the result of subtracting the calculated ground travel time from the activity start time;

wherein the arrival time of the first flight is prior to or simultaneous with the determined earliest flight arrival time.

DeLorme et al ('040) teaches an itinerary planning tool which allows for the entry of activity locations and times, travel time calculation, and arrival time display, see figure 1B-2 for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to calculate and display travel and arrival times as taught by DeLorme et al ('040) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

As per Claim 7, 18, 34.

Garback ('499) does not specifically disclose receiving an activity stop time indicator indicating a stop time for the activity;

identify at least a first returning flight associated with a flight departure time and being at least between the first airport and the origin location;

wherein the flight departure time of the identified returning flight is subsequent to the stop time of the activity.

DeLorme et al ('040) teaches an itinerary planning tool which allows for the entry of activity locations and times, travel time calculation, and arrival time display, see figure 1B-2 and activity stop time, see figure 7B (car club meeting) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to calculate and display travel and arrival times as taught

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by DeLorme et al ('040) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

As per Claim 8, 19.

Garback ('499) further discloses the determination of a need for a hotel, checking availability and booking a hotel, see figure 2C, but does not specifically disclose determining if the flight arrival time of the identified first departing flight is on a first day and if the flight departure time of the identified returning flight is on a second day;

responsive to determining that the flight arrival time of the identified first departing flight is on the first day and that the flight departure time of the identified returning flight is on the second day, identifying a plurality of lodging locations within a lodging threshold distance of one of the first airport and the activity location.

DeLorme et al ('040) teaches an itinerary planning tool which allows for the entry of activity locations and times, travel time calculation, and arrival time display, see figure 1B-2 for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to calculate and display travel and arrival times as taught by DeLorme et al ('040) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

As per Claim 9, 20.

Garback ('499) further discloses booking a hotel, see figure 2C.

As per Claim 10, 21.

Garback ('499) further discloses a venue file, see figure 1 (14) which contains information about the activity, but does not specifically disclose an address.

DeLorme et al ('040) teaches an itinerary planning tool which contains the address of activity locations, see figures 1C (167) and 5D (593) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to include addresses of the venues as taught by DeLorme et al ('040) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

As per Claim 11, 22.

Garback ('499) further discloses a venue file, see figure 1 (14) which contains information about the activity, but does not specifically disclose a temporal data.

DeLorme et al ('040) teaches an itinerary planning tool which allows for the entry of activity locations and times, travel time calculation, and arrival time display, see figures 1B-2 and 1C (167) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to display airports within a temporal threshold of the

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activity location as taught by DeLorme et al ('040) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

As per Claim 12.

Garback ('499) discloses:

a processor, a storage device connected to the processor, the storage device storing instructions executable by the processor, and a plurality of instructions stored on the storage device, see column 5, lines 1-40;

identifying at least a first airport, the first airport being within a first threshold measurement of the activity location, see figure 5 (LAX, DTW) and column 6, lines 17-40:

identifying at least a first departing flight associated with the first airport, the identified flight associated with a flight arrival time and a first departing flight being at least between the origin location and the first airport, figure 5 (LAX, DTW) and column 6, lines 17-40

wherein the flight arrival time of the at least first identified departing flight is prior to the activity start time, see figure 5 (Arriving) and column 6, lines 17-40.

Garback ('499) does not specifically disclose the venue file including an activity location and an activity time.

DeLorme et al ('040) teaches an itinerary planning tool which allows for the entry of activity locations and times, see figure 1C (167) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to include location and time as taught by DeLorme et al ('040) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Garback ('499) in view of DeLorme et al ('040) do not specifically disclose the first identified operating flight.

De Marken ('808) teaches a list of available flights, including the first operating flight, see figures 22-27 for the benefit of giving the customer a choice of available flights.

Garback ('499) in view of DeLorme et al ('040) do not disclose the threshold measurement comprises at least one of walking distance, a set distance or a time threshold.

Cochran et al ('648) teaches a threshold measurement of a set distance, see figure 4 (hotel or criteria w/in 10 or 60 miles) for the benefit of providing the user a choice of convenience and distance options which could affect the price of the services.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the flights available, including the first flight as taught by DeMarcken ('808) and a distance threshold as taught by Cochran et al ('648) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing the user a choice of time, convenience and distance options which could affect the price of services.

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As per Claim 23, 30.

Garback ('499) further discloses a network, see column 5, lines 1-20; a remote device connected to the network, see column 5, lines 1-20.

As per Claim 24.

Garback ('499) does not specifically disclose the remote device is wireless.

DeLorme et al ('040) teaches a wireless device a part of an itinerary planning tool, see figure 9B (905, 907) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to use a wireless device as taught by DeLorme et al ('040) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

As per Claim 25.

Garback ('499) further discloses the transportation destination is one of an airport, a bus station or a train station, and a shipping terminal, see figure 5 (ILAX, DTW).

As per Claim 26.

Garback ('499) further discloses the transportation option is an airline option is an airline option, see figure 5 (flight1, flight2).

As per Claim 27.

Garback ('499) discloses:

a processor, a storage device, a second storage device connected to the processor and a plurality of instructions, see column 5, lines 1-40;

identifying a plurality of transportation options, see figure 2A (46);

reserving a first of the plurality of transportation options, see figure 2A (49).

Garback ('499) does not disclose the transportation options arrive at the activity location prior to the activity time.

DeLorme et al ('040) teaches an itinerary planning tool which allows for the entry of activity locations and times, see figure 1C (167) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to identify transportation options which arrive at the activity location before the activity time as taught by DeLorme et al ('040) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Garback ('499) in view of DeLorme et al ('040) do not disclose the first identified operating flight.

De Marken ('808) teaches a list of available flights, including the first operating flight, see figures 22-27 for the benefit of giving the customer a choice of available flights.

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Garback ('499) in view of DeLorme et al ('040) do not disclose the threshold measurement comprises at least one of walking distance, a set distance or a time threshold.

Cochran et al ('648) teaches a threshold measurement of a set distance, see figure 4 (hotel or criteria w/in 10 or 60 miles) for the benefit of providing the user a choice of convenience and distance options which could affect the price of the services.

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a list of flights, including the first flight as taught by DeMarcken ('808) and a distance threshold as taught by Cochran et al ('648) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing the user a choice of time, convenience and distance options which could affect the price of services.

Garback ('499) in view of DeLorme et al ('040) further in view of Cochran et al ('648) do not disclose the best trip option includes booking the first travel option.

Official notice is taken that customer choice is old and well known part of a sales system, it is a matter of customer choice when presented with options to choose the most beneficial option, in this case the first travel option when multiple options are given.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention that the customer, when presented with all the travel options, could choose any one of them, first, last or in-between as was most beneficial in their opinion.

As per Claim 28.

Garback ('499) further discloses a system for making transportation and lodging reservations.

Garback ('499) does not disclose the activity location is a cargo destination and the activity time is a cargo arrival time.

This limitation is seen to be non-functional descriptive material which will not distinguish the invention from the prior art in terms of patentability, see In re Gulack 703 F.2d 1381, 1385, 217 USPQ 401, 101 (Fed, Cir. 1983).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made that the system of Garback ('499) could be adapted to transporting cargo.

As per Claim 29.

Garback ('499) further discloses applying a transportation rules, see column 1, lines 52-58.

As per Claim 31.

Garback ('499) further discloses identifying each of the plurality of transportation options by arrival time, see column 1, lines 52-58.

As per Claim 32.

Garback ('499) discloses:

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identifying at least a first airport, the first airport being within a first threshold measurement of the activity location, see figure 5 (LAX, DTW) and column 6, lines 17-40;

identifying at least a first departing flight associated with the first airport, the identified flight associated with a flight arrival time and a first departing flight being at least between the origin location and the first airport, figure 5 (LAX, DTW) and column 6, lines 17-40

wherein the flight arrival time of the at least first identified departing flight is prior to the activity start time, see figure 5 (Arriving) and column 6, lines 17-40.

Garback ('499) does not specifically disclose the venue file including an activity location and an activity time.

DeLorme et al ('040) teaches an itinerary planning tool which allows for the entry of activity locations and times, see figure 1C (167) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to include location and time as taught by DeLorme et al ('040) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Garback ('499) in view of DeLorme et al ('040) do not specifically disclose the first identified operating flight.

De Marken ('808) teaches a list of available flights, including the first operating flight, see figures 22-27 for the benefit of giving the customer a choice of available flights.

Garback ('499) in view of DeLorme et al ('040) do not disclose the threshold measurement comprises at least one of walking distance, a set distance or a time threshold.

Cochran et al ('648) teaches a threshold measurement of a set distance, see figure 4 (hotel or criteria w/in 10 or 60 miles) for the benefit of providing the user a choice of convenience and distance options which could affect the price of the services.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the flights available, including the first flight as taught by DeMarcken ('808) and a distance threshold as taught by Cochran et al ('648) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing the user a choice of time, convenience and distance options which could affect the price of services.

As per Claim 35.

Garback ('499) discloses:

receiving an activity indicator and a venue file containing data related to the activity, see figure 3 (73 and 77) and column 5, line 63 - column 6, line 30;

developing a proposed transportation plan corresponding to the received plurality of transportation parameters, see column 3, lines 34-52;

transmitting at least an indication of the proposed transportation plan, see figure 4 and column 7, lines 15-19;

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receiving an indication of approval of the proposed transportation plan, see figure 4 (is all the above information correct (Y/N));

responsive to receiving the indication of approval, arranging transportation according to the transportation plan, see column 7, lines 21-26.

Garback ('499) in view of DeLorme et al ('040) do not specifically disclose the first identified operating flight.

De Marken ('808) teaches a list of available flights, including the first operating flight, see figures 22-27 for the benefit of giving the customer a choice of available flights.

Garback ('499) in view of DeLorme et al ('040) do not disclose the threshold measurement comprises at least one of walking distance, a set distance or a time threshold.

Cochran et al ('648) teaches a threshold measurement of a set distance, see figure 4 (hotel or criteria w/in 10 or 60 miles) for the benefit of providing the user a choice of convenience and distance options which could affect the price of the services.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the flights available, including the first flight as taught by DeMarcken ('808) and a distance threshold as taught by Cochran et al ('648) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing the user a choice of time, convenience and distance options which could affect the price of services.

As per Claim 36.

Garback ('499) does not specifically disclose the remote device is a Personal Information Manager.

DeLorme et al ('040) teaches a wireless device a part of an itinerary planning tool, see figure 9B (907) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to use a wireless device as taught by DeLorme et al ('040) in the invention of Garback ('499) for the benefit of providing detail for an itinerary planner within a geographic location system.

As per Claim 37.

Garback ('499) further discloses the activity indicator includes a plurality of transportation parameters and wherein the step of developing a proposed transportation plan includes developing, at the host computer a proposed transportation plan corresponding to the received plurality of transportation parameters, see figure 3 (Special Requests).

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#### **Conclusion**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thomas A. Dixon whose telephone number is (703) 305-4645. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday 6:30 - 4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Weiss can be reached on (703) 308-2702. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-7687 for regular communications and (703) 305-7687 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

Thomas A. Dixon

Examiner Art Unit 3629

May 5, 2003